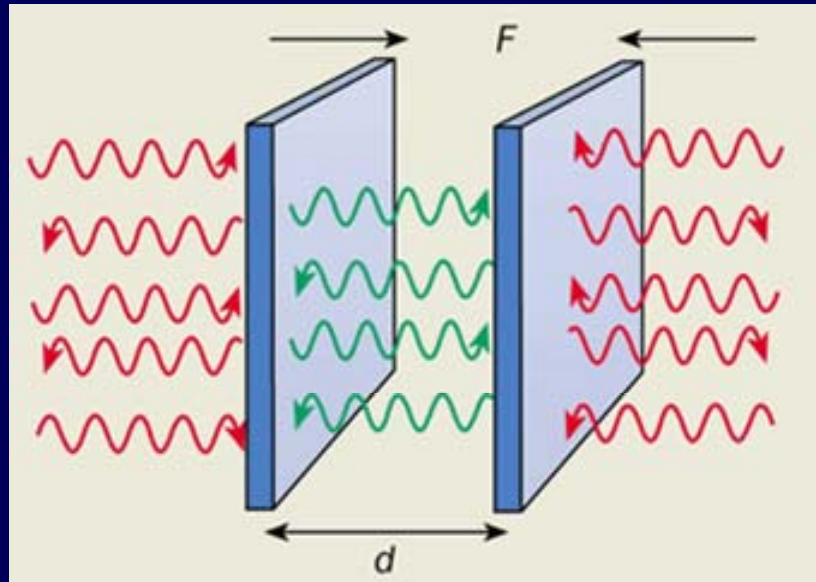


# The Casimir Effect: A Force from Nothing

Hendrik Casimir



$$F(d) = -\frac{\pi^2 \hbar c}{240 d^4} A$$

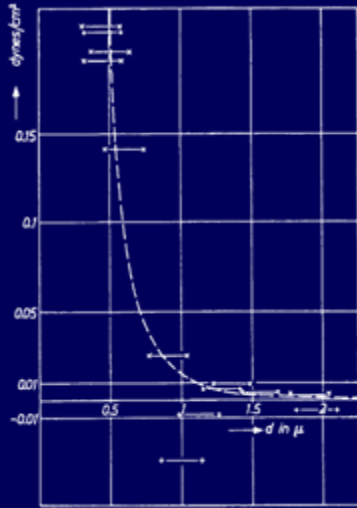
attraction due to confinement of quantum mechanical vacuum fluctuations

*H. B. G. Casimir, Proc. Kon. Nederl. Akad. Wet. B51, 793 (1948)*

# Experimental Observations

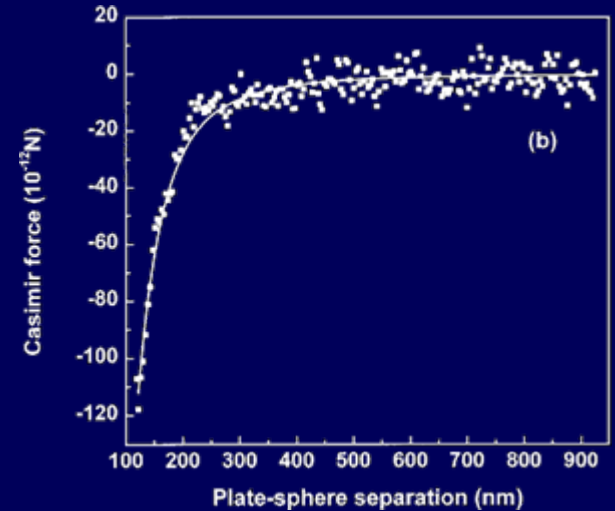
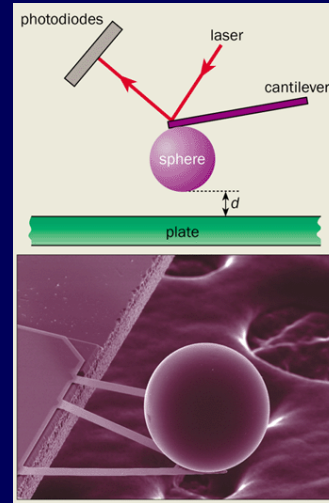
- Mechanical Balance

*Sparnaay, Physica 24, 751 (1958)*



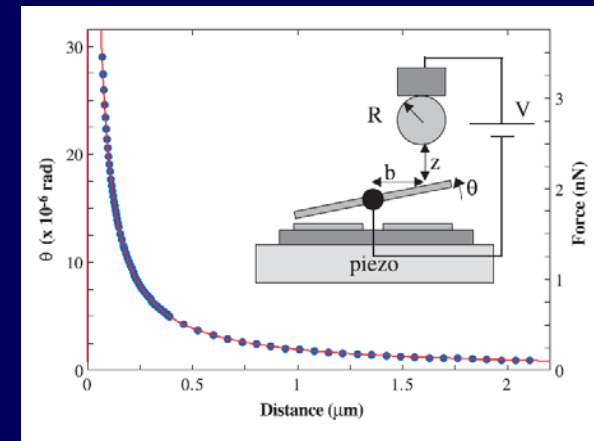
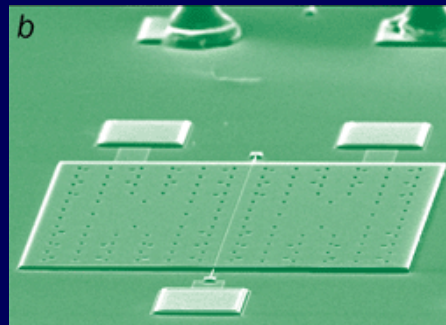
- AFM

*Mohideen and Roy, PRL 81, 4549-4552 (1998)*



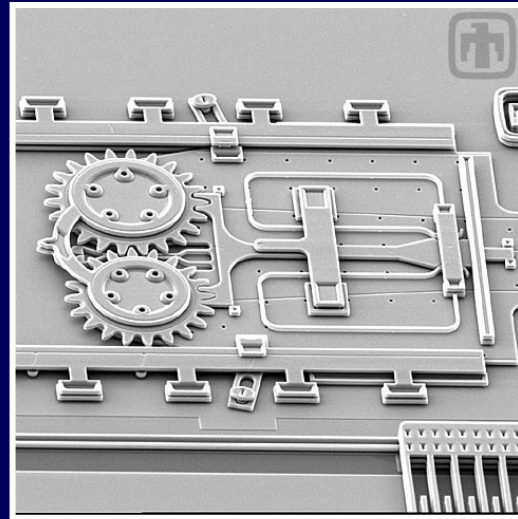
- Actuation of MEMS

*Chan, Aksyuk, Kleiman, Bishop, Capasso, Science 291, 1941 (2001)*



# Failure Mechanisms in MEMS

Casimir forces  $\longrightarrow$  STICKTION



*Sandia National Laboratory*

repulsive Casimir forces:

$$\mu > \epsilon$$

meta-materials

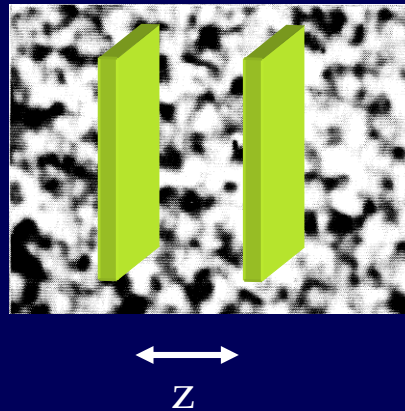
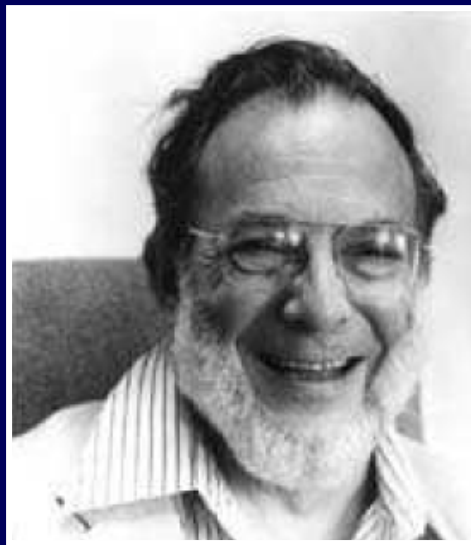
*Kenneth et al. PRL 89, 33001 (2002)*

*Leonhardt, Philbin, New J. Phys. 9, 254 (2007)*

# The Critical Casimir Effect

„Phenomena at the walls in a critical binary mixture“

*M. E. Fisher and P. G. deGennes, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris B287, 209 (1978)*



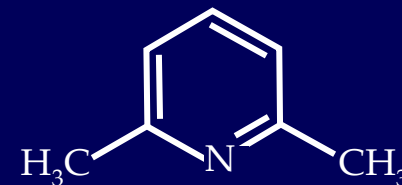
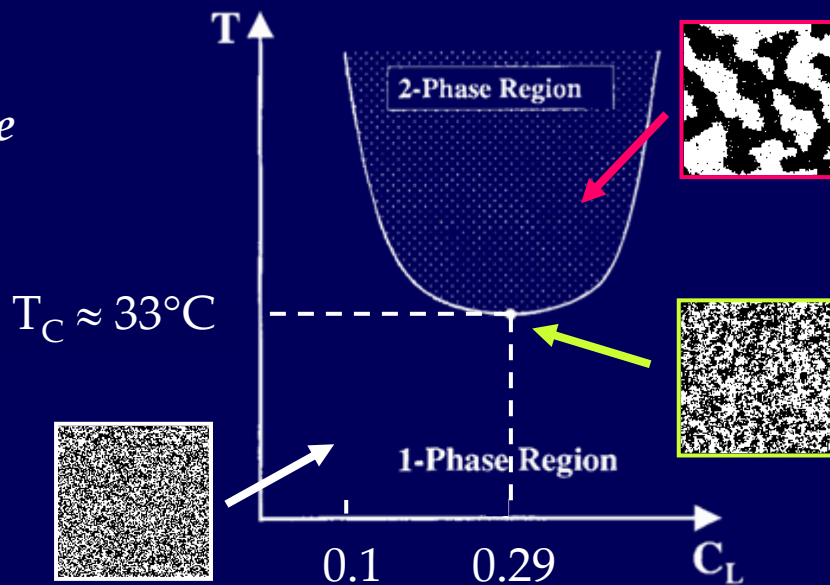
**Confinement of order parameter fluctuations close to critical points**

$$F(z) = A \frac{k_B T_c}{z^3} \mathcal{G}(z / \xi) \quad \xi = \xi_0 \left| \frac{T}{T_c} - 1 \right|^{-\nu}$$

# Binary Critical Mixtures

*water - lutidine*

$$m = C - C_C$$



36°C



34°C



33°C

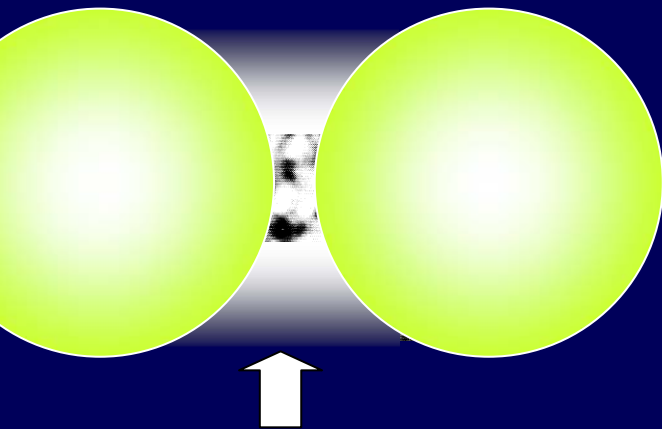
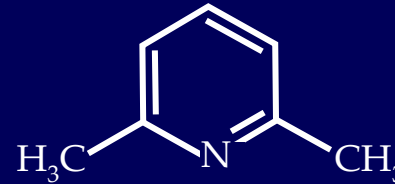
critical  
opalescence



$T < 33^\circ\text{C}$

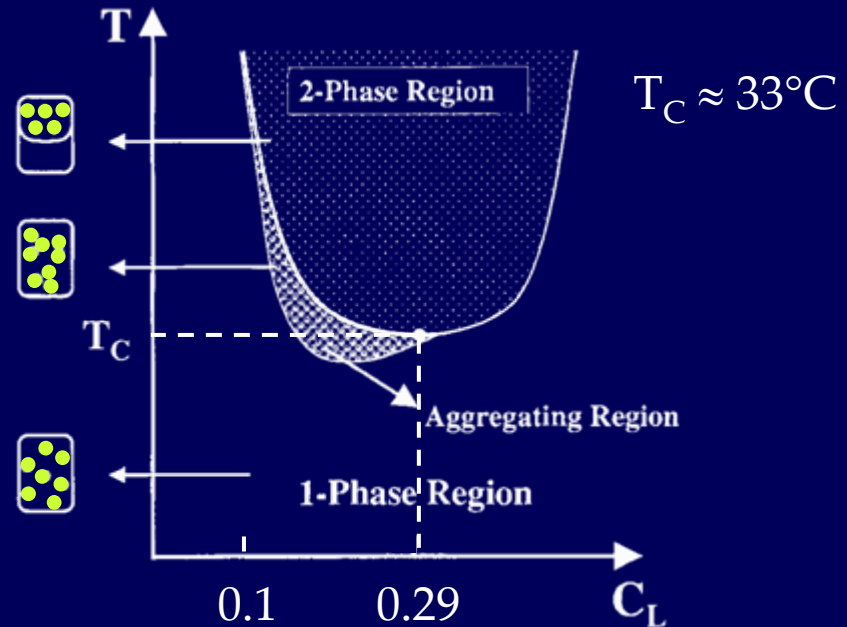
# Silica Spheres in Binary Mixtures

- binary mixture of water – 2,6 lutidine
- lower consolute point
- **silica spheres** ( $2R = 0.16\mu\text{m}$ )



confinement

*Beysens, Estève, PRL 54, 2123 (1985)*



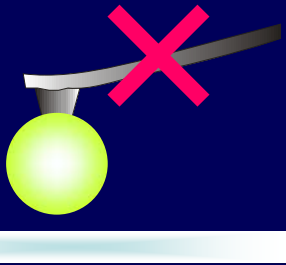
**Prewetting ? Capillary condensation ?**

# How to Measure Tiny Forces

How to resolve pico ... femto Newton

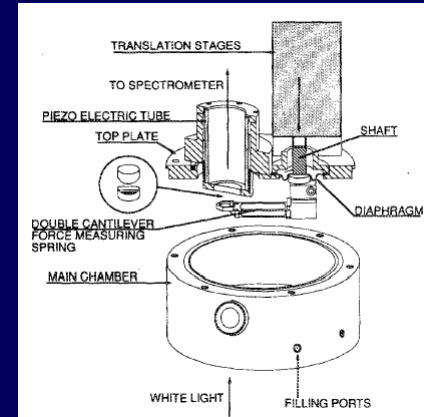
- *Surface Force Apparatus (SFA)*

J.N. Israelachvili, Intermolecular and surface forces, Academic Press (1991).



- *Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)*

Ducker, Senden, Pashley, Nature, **353**, 239 (1991).  
Milling, Vincent, J. Chem. Soc., Farady Trans. **93**, 3179 (1997).

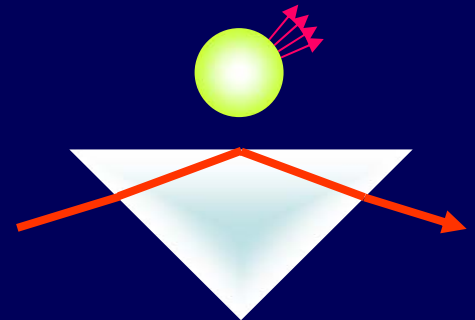


resolution limited by spring constant  $D \geq 0.01\text{N/m}$

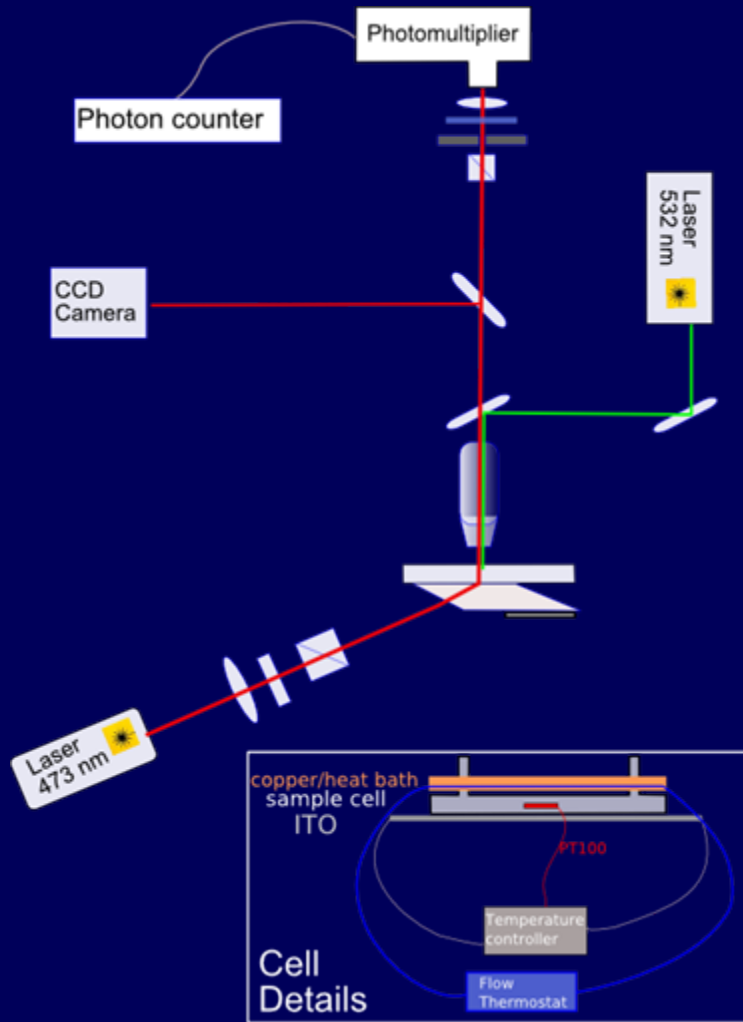
→ 'freely' suspended colloidal probe particle

- *Total Internal Reflection Microscopy (TIRM)*

Walz, Current opinion in colloidal interfaces & science **2**, 600 (1997).  
Prieve, Luo, Lanni, Faraday Discuss. Chem. Soc. **83**, 297 (1987).



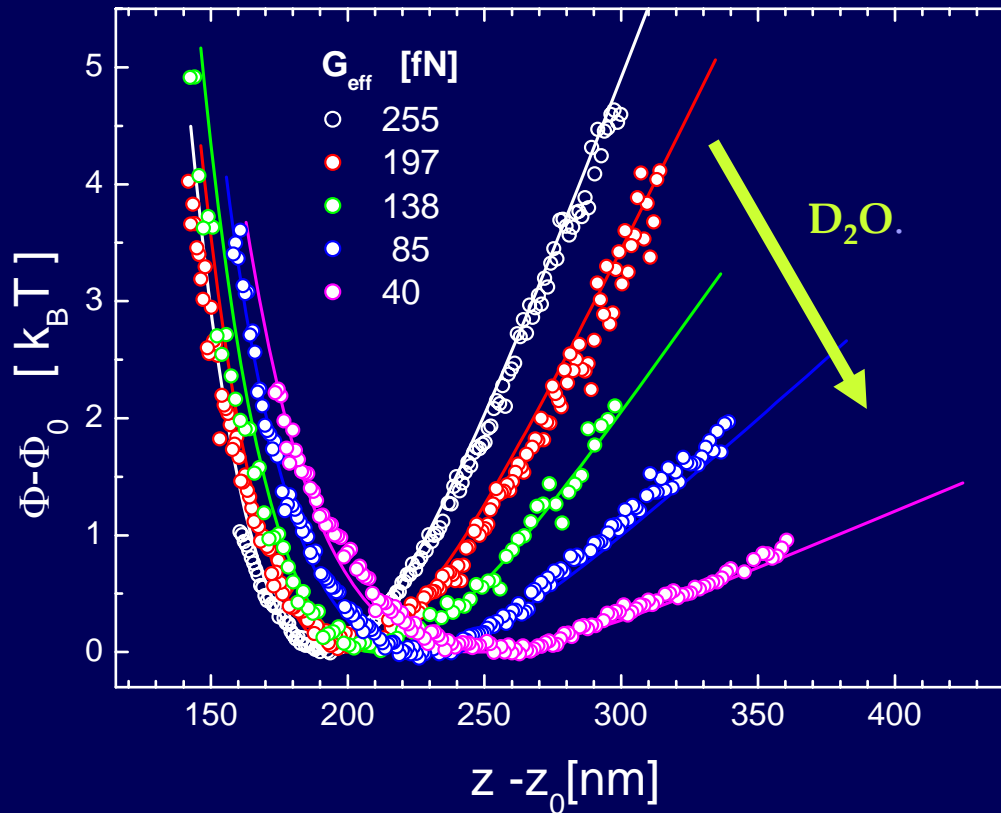
# Experimental Setup



$$\Delta T = \pm 0.005^{\circ}\text{C}$$



# Sensitivity of TIRM

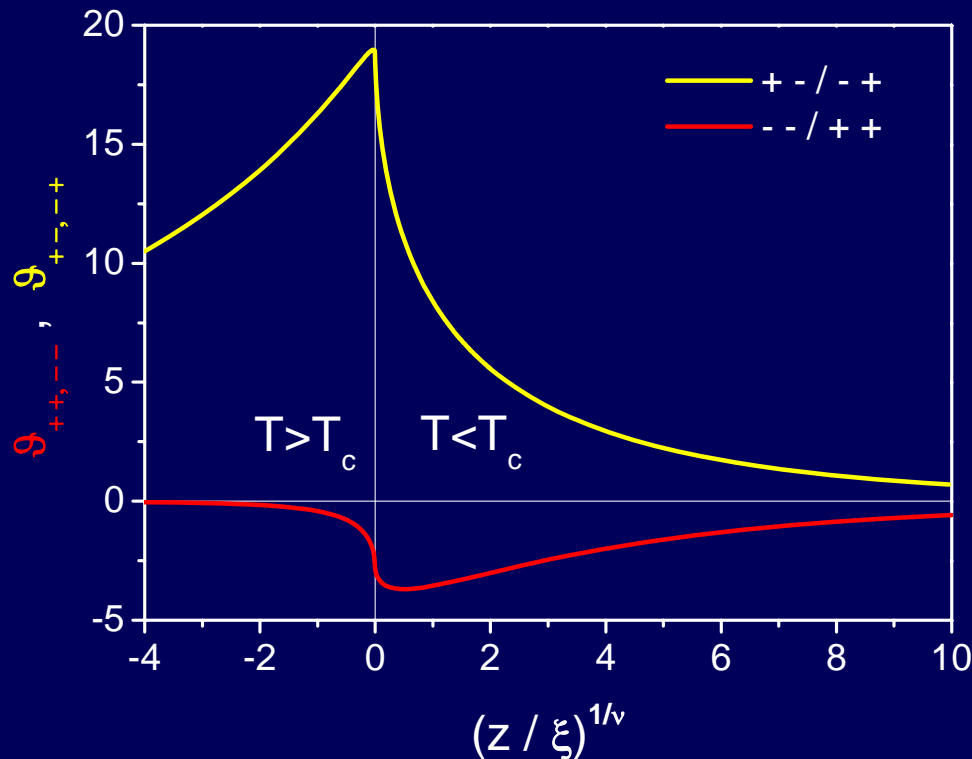


	$\rho$ (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
H <sub>2</sub> O	1.0
PS	1.05
D <sub>2</sub> O	1.1

resolution < 10 fN !

# Scaling Function & Boundary Cond.

Sphere-Plate: 
$$\frac{\Phi}{k_B T} = \frac{R}{z} \mathcal{G}\left(\frac{z}{\xi}\right) \quad z \leq R$$



*Vasilyev, Gambassi, Maciolek, Dietrich arXiv:0708.2902v1 (2007)*

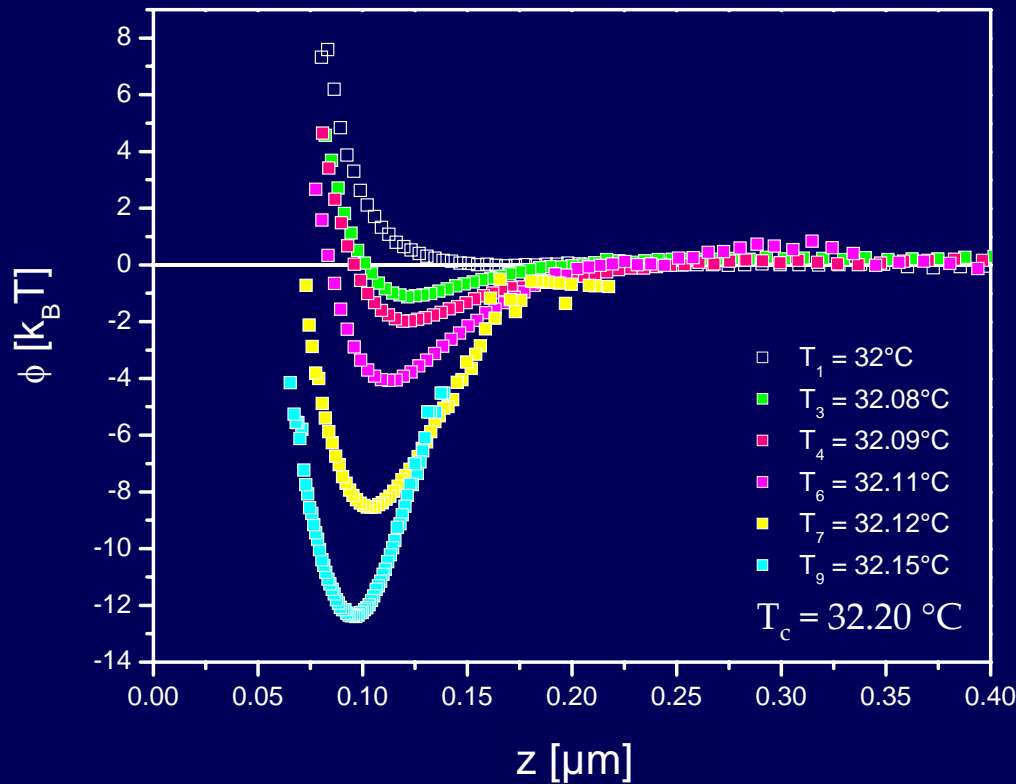
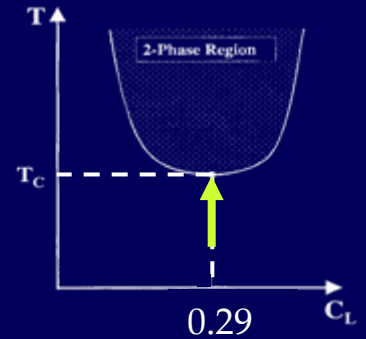
attractive and repulsive critical Casimir forces

# Critical Casimir Forces: ++

++: particle & wall: preferential adsorption of **lutidine**



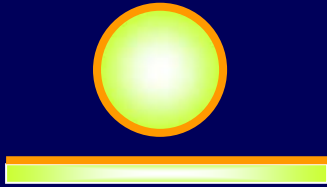
PS 3.7 $\mu\text{m}$  (x-linked, weakly charged)  
HMDS treated silica wall (hydrophobic)



similar results for  
 $0.25 < c_L < 0.32$

# Critical Casimir Forces: --

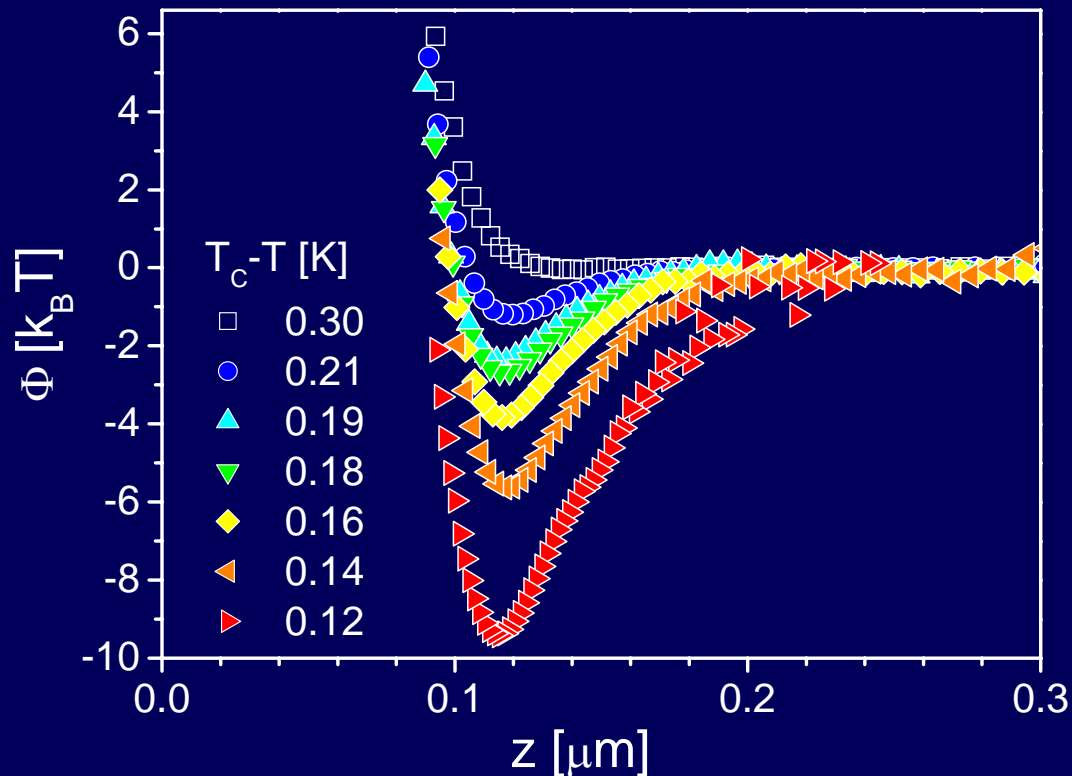
--: particle & wall: preferential adsorption of **water**



sulfate-terminated PS 2.4 $\mu\text{m}$  (10.1 $\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$ )  
hydrophilic silica wall

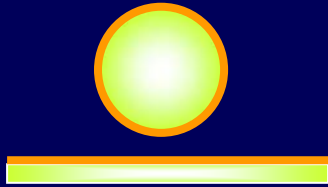
$\sigma$ [ $\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$ ]	phase
5.70	W
3.85	W
0.38	L

Gallagher et al. *Phys. Rev. A* **46**, 7750 (1992)



# Critical Casimir Forces: --

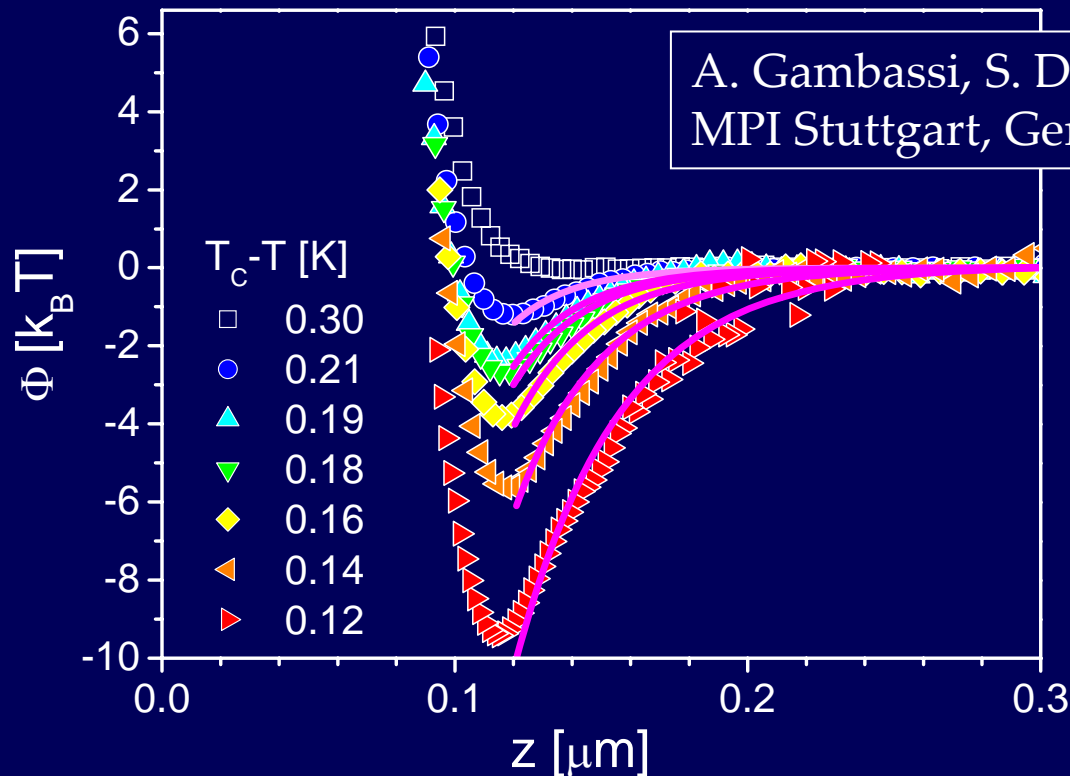
--: particle & wall: preferential adsorption of **water**



sulfate-terminated PS 2.4 $\mu\text{m}$  (10.1 $\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$ )  
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Gallagher et al. *Phys. Rev. A* **46**, 7750 (1992)

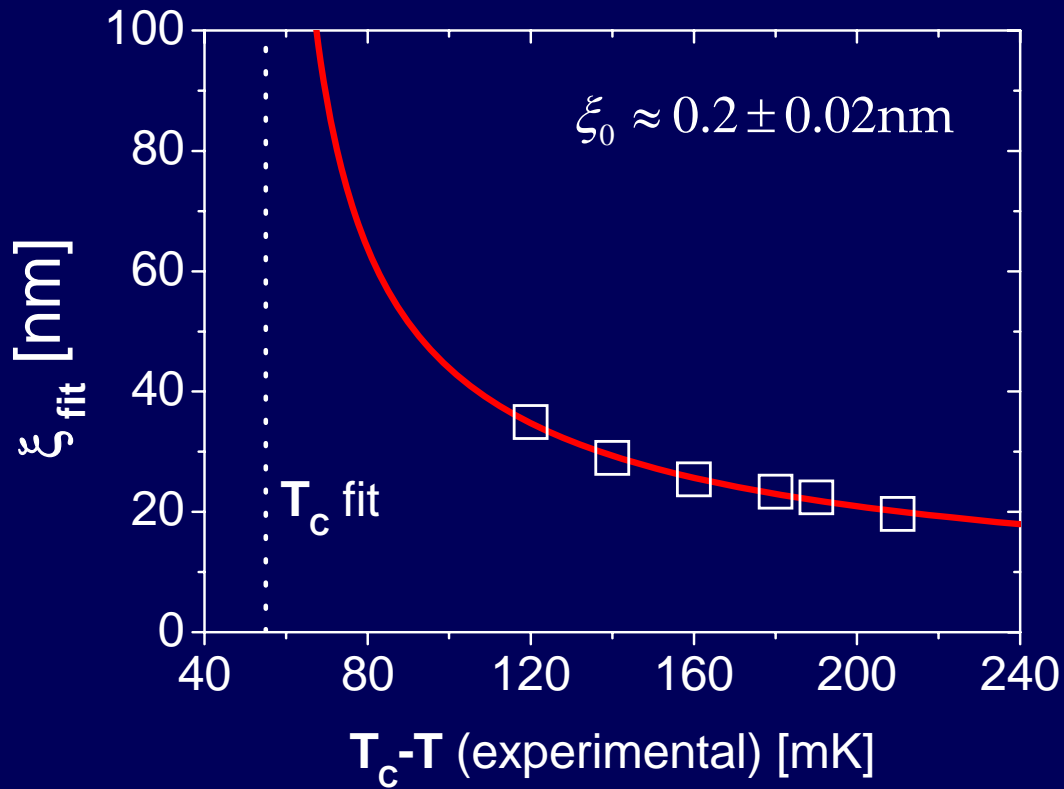


A. Gambassi, S. Dietrich  
MPI Stuttgart, Germany

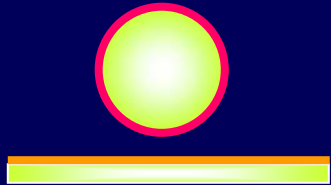
$$\xi(T) = \xi_0 \left| \frac{T}{T_c} - 1 \right|^{-0.63}$$

# Correlation Length

$$\xi(T) = \xi_0 \left| \frac{T}{T_c} - 1 \right|^{-0.63}$$

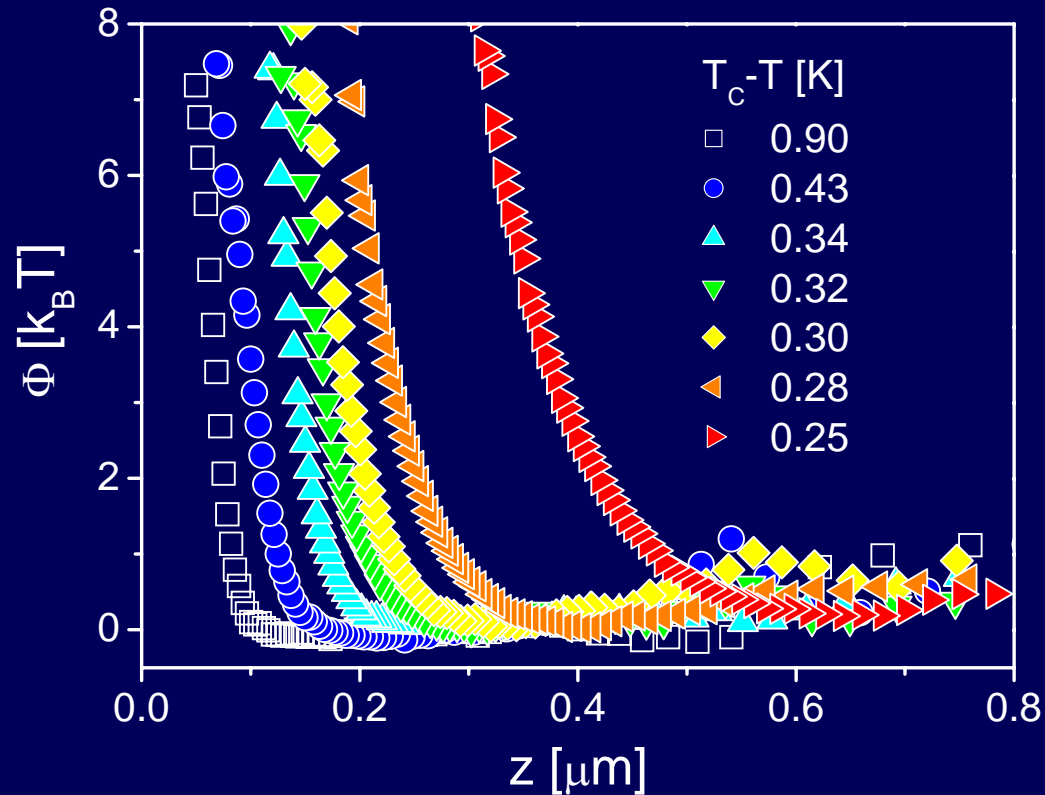


# Critical Casimir Forces: +-

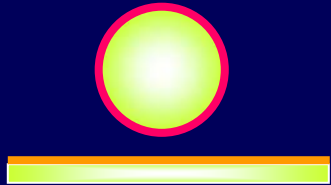


asymmetric boundary conditions

→ repulsive critical Casimir force

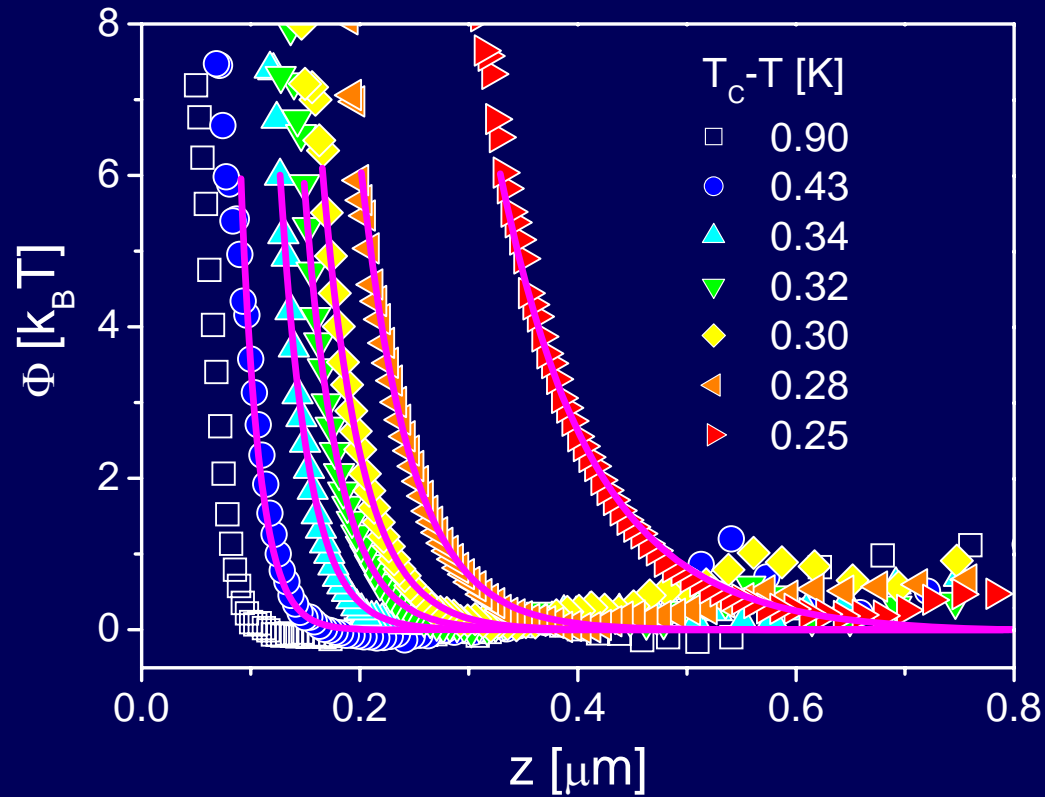


# Critical Casimir Forces: +-



asymmetric boundary conditions

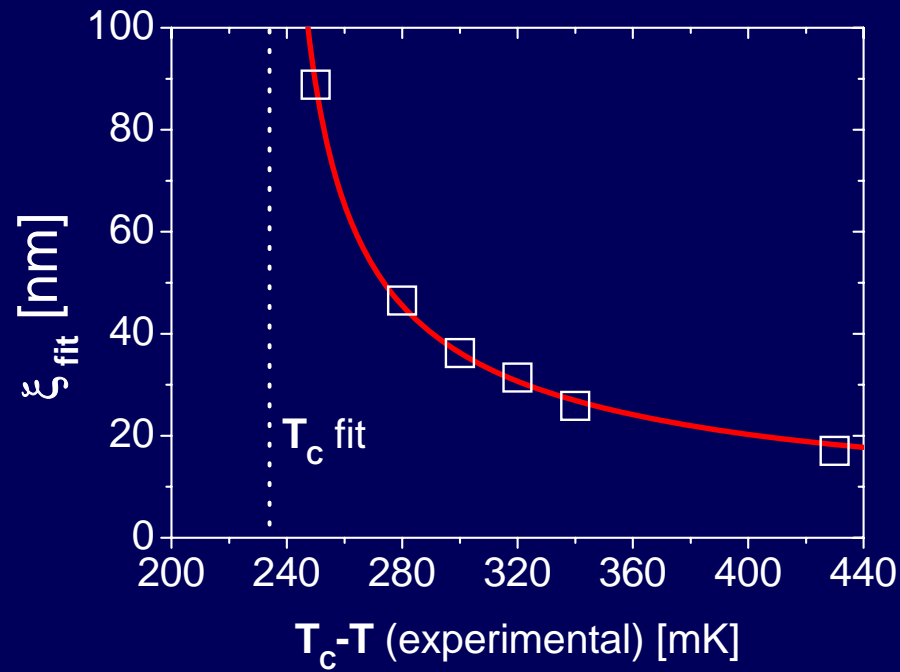
→ repulsive critical Casimir force



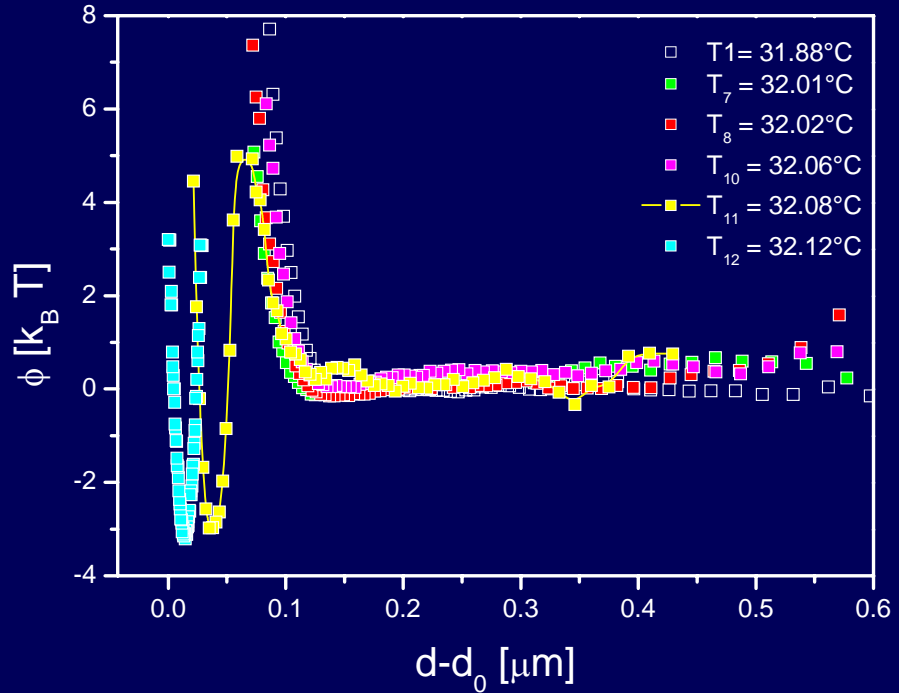
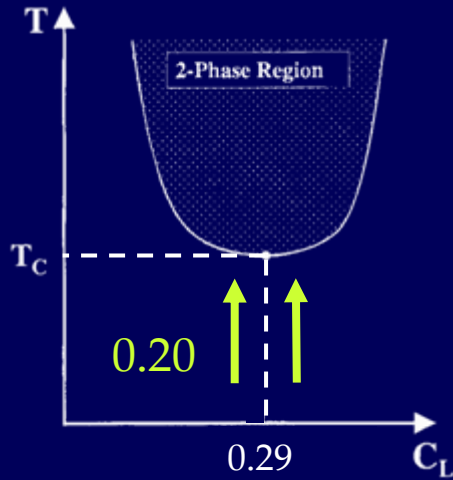


# Correlation Length

$$\xi(T) = \xi_0 \left| \frac{T}{T_c} - 1 \right|^{-0.63}$$

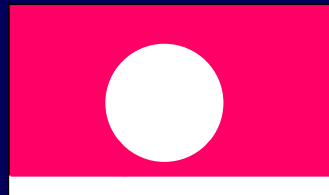
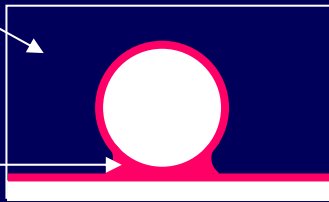


# Off-Critical Composition: ++



water-rich

lutidine rich



reduction of surface energy by  
**BRIDGE FORMATION**

No bridge formation for  $c_L > c_C$  ✓

# Summary & Outlook

- *Direct observation of critical Casimir forces in binary liquids*
  - ➡ attractive and repulsive interactions on the order of many kT
  - ➡ **tunable interaction potential: no salt, no depletion agent, reversible !**
    - *novel phases (photonic crystals)*
    - *colloidal self-assembly on chemically patterned surfaces*
    - *anti-stiction coatings for MEMS*